

## 2022 年广州市普通高中毕业班综合测试(一)

### 英 语

本试卷共 10 页，满分 120 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

#### 注意事项：

1. 答卷前，考生务必用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔将自己的姓名、考生号、试室号和座位号填写在答题卡上。用 2B 铅笔将试卷类型涂在答题卡相应位置上。并在答题卡相应位置上填涂考生号。因笔试不考听力，试卷第二部分开始，试题序号从“21”开始。
2. 作答选择题时，选出每小题答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡对应题目选项的答案信息点涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案。答案不能答在试卷上。
3. 非选择题必须用黑色字迹的钢笔或签字笔作答，答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应位置上，如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新答案；不准使用铅笔和涂改液。不按以上要求作答无效。
4. 考生必须保持答题卡的整洁。考试结束后，将试卷和答题卡一并交回。

#### 第二部分 阅读(共两节，满分 50 分)

##### 第一节(共 15 小题；每小题 2.5 分，满分 37.5 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项选出最佳选项。

#### A

Scientific educational toys can develop kid's reasoning, problem-solving and critical thinking capacity and improve their hand-eye coordination (协调). But the most powerful thing is that the children will associate learning with fun. That means they will grow into adults with a thirst for knowledge and a highly developed set of skills for learning. Here are some of the best:

##### • Science Kit

You can guarantee two things if you buy your kids one: a lot of fun and a lot of mess. It's a 20-piece kit that teaches the basics of chemical reactions. It's recommended for kids aged 6 and above, with adult company. You don't have to be a scientist, since there is an activity book with instructions for possible experiments.

- **Mini Terra Kit**

You don't have to wait for the sun to come out to teach kids about the natural world. This all-inclusive kit is a miniature garden that simulates a natural environment by using a powerful LED light. It includes a terrarium jar, light-up jar lid, Micro USB charger, and all the natural ingredients to get started. It also has a simple instruction booklet that you can work through with your kids.

- **Gravity Run**

This classic is not just about building a structure and watching the marbles go up and down. The games are designed for kids aged 8+ to develop spatial awareness, planning, and reasoning. With 60 challenges (beginner to expert), this award-winning game can be enjoyed by all the family. The expert levels are actually quite challenging, so be prepared for some failures.

- **WeRo Kit**

This prize-winning robot toy features over 840 pieces, a WeRo Move Hub, Interactive Moto, and a Distance Sensor. You can build it into 5 completely different robots, meaning endless fun for the kids and even adults. Once they've built the character of their choice, they can programme it to perform countless tasks including walking and talking on its own.

21. What is the greatest strength of scientific educational toys?

- A. Training young scientists.
- B. Stimulating learning desire
- C. Developing hand-eye coordination.

22. Which toy suits kids who enjoy growing plants?

- A. Science kit
- B. Mini Terra Kit.
- C. Gravity Run.
- D. WeRo Kit.

23. What is special about WeRo Kit?

- A. It has different levels.
- B. It is the only prize-winner.
- C. It requires parental guidance.
- D. It involves programming skills.

B

Sometimes a book comes along that isn't just "interesting" or "well done"-- it's a book where it seems like the author looked into your brain and wrote a book specifically for you. A book like that for me was released this week. It's called *100 Things We've Lost to the Internet*, written by editor Pamela Paul.

Paul lists 100 things we used to do that the Internet has either changed or taken over completely: writing letters, print newspapers, the joys of being bored, and not having all the knowledge in the world in your pocket.

As I'm a longtime accumulator of random knowledge, certain entries on the list---*Being the Only One, Figuring Out Who That Actor is*---**hit me where live**; remembering detailed facts is no longer nearly as impressive when everyone has the capability to find the answer in seconds.

On and on the list goes, with every minor shift adding to the pile. What this book does so well is illustrate the growth of that pile; while any individual item might be no big deal, the collected set is significant. It's a list of ways in which the world now is different from the world then.

Obviously, Paul isn't saying that everything back then was better. Time marches on, after all. and it's tough to argue against the many benefits that the Internet has brought into our lives. But that isn't really the point. It's not about whether it used to be better. It's that it used to be different.

*100 Things We've Lost to the Internet* is a fun read for those of us who share some of Paul's memories and experiences. We remember what it was like and we like to remember. The landscape has shifted, and no doubt it will shift again as technology's advancement continues apace. This book serves as a reminder of the simple truth that when gains are made, sometimes something is lost.

24. What is the purpose of the text?

- A. To review and recommend a good read.
- B. To comment on the effect of the Internet.
- C. To argue for the viewpoint of a new book.
- D. To urge the readers to value what they have.

25. Which might be entries on Paul's list?

- A. Maps and Eye Contact.
- B. E-pay and Compact Disks.
- C. Postcards and Homeschooling
- D. Bad Photos and Washing Machines.

26. What does the underlined phrase “hit me where I live” in paragraph 3 mean?
- A. Prove what I’m good at.
  - B. Introduce how I grew up.
  - C. Describe the place I live in.
  - D. Speak out what is on my mind.
27. What conclusion has the author drawn after reading Paul’s book?
- A. Things in the past are better.
  - B. There’re no gains without pains.
  - C. The internet is a double-edged sword.
  - D. Technology is constantly changing the world.

C

Discoveries at the famous Sanxingdui ruins in Southwest China show that the region’s ancient Shu Kingdom Civilization shared similarities with the Maya.

The Sanxingdui ruins belonged to the Shu Kingdom that existed at least 4,800 years ago and lasted more than 2,000 years, while the Mayan civilization built its city-states around 200 AD.

The bronze-made remains of tress unearthed at the ruins of the Shu Kingdom resemble the sacred ceiba tree, which symbolized the union of heaven, earth and the underworld in the Mayan civilization. “They are very important similarities,” says Santos, a Mexican archaeologist (考古学家) stressing that “the representations of tress in both cultures provide a symbolism that is very similar”.

The findings at the Sanxingdui ruins, considered one of the greatest archaeological discoveries of the 20th century, also show ne aspect of Bronze Age culture, indicating the ancient civilization already had technologies that were thought to have been developed much later.

While the lime span between the Shu kingdom and the Mayan culture is great, the findings highlight the closeness between the two civilizations. They developed in areas with comparable climates and reflected their worldview through related symbols. “In the end, man is still man, independent of time and space. What we have is that, at this latitude (纬度), both the Shu people and the Mayans looked at the same sky and had the same stars on the horizon,” the expert says.

One notable feature of the recent discoveries at Sanxingdui was the cross-subject work and technology applied by teams of Chinese archaeologists, which allowed the unearthing of artifacts as fragile as silk remains, which other types of less careful digging methods would not have been able to register.

Cooperation between Chinese and Mexican archaeologists could benefit projects in the Mayan world, where the rainy climate and humidity are problematic for the conservation of ruins.

“Every time our cultural knowledge increases, regardless of whether we speak one language or another, what it shows us is that we continue to be sister cultures and, therefore, the exchange of such knowledge is fundamental,” says Santos.

28. What is a similarity between the Shu Kingdom and Maya civilization?

- A. Their starting time.
- B. Their historical origins.
- C. Their cultural symbols.
- D. Their ceremony traditions.

29. The findings at the Sanxingdui ruins have proved that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. silk was a common clothing material then
- B. some technologies were developed much earlier
- C. the Bronze Age started earlier than previously assumed
- D. the Shu Kingdom and the Mayan world had close contact

30. What is a common challenge for the conservation of both ruins?

- A. Damp weather.
- B. Positioning of ruins.
- C. High latitude.
- D. Language barriers.

31. What is the focus of Santos quote in the last paragraph?

- A. The future of the China-Mexico cooperation.
- B. The benefits of speaking a different language.
- C. The importance of the exchange of cultural knowledge.
- D. The increasing sisterhood in culture between China and Mexico.

#### D

Several years ago, Jason Box, a scientist from Ohio, flew 31 giant rolls of white plastic to a glacier (冰川) in Greenland. He and his team spread them across 10,000 feet of ice, then left. His idea was that the white blanket would reflect back the rays of the sun, keeping the ice cool below. When he came back to check the results, he found it worked. Exposed ice had melted faster than covered ice. He had not only saved two feet of glacier in a short time. No coal plants were shut down, no jobs were lost, and nobody was taxed or fired. Just the sort of fix we're looking for.

“Thank you, but no thank you.” says Ralph King, a climate scientist. He told Grey Childs, author and commentator, that people think technology can save the planet, “but there are other things we need to deal with, like consumption. They burned \$50,000 just for the helicopter” to bring the plastic to the glacier. This experiment, quote-unquote, gives people false hope that climate change can be fixed without changing human behavior. It can’t. Technology won’t give us a free ride.

Individuals respond to climate change differently. Climatologist Kelly Smith is hardly alone in her prediction that someday soon we won’t be climate victims, we will be climate Choosers. More scientists agree with her that if the human race survives. The engineers will get smarter, the tools will get better, and one day we will control the climate. but that then? “Just the mention of us controlling the climate sent a small shiver down my back, Grey writes.” “Something sounded wrong about stopping ice by our own will,” he says.

Me? I like it better when the earth takes care of itself, I guess one day we will have to run the place, but for the moment, sitting at my desk, looking out at the trees bending wildly and the wind howling, I’m happy not to be in charge.

32. Why does the author mention Jason Box’s experiment in the first paragraph?

- A. To introduce a possible solution to climate change.
- B. To describe a misleading attempt to fix the climate.
- C. To report on a successful experiment on saving the glacier.
- D. To arouse people’s attention to the problem of global warming.

33. Which statement would Ralph King most probably agree with?

- A. The fight against climate change will not succeed.
- B. Technology is-not the final solution, let alone its high cost.
- C. It’s best to deal with climate change without changing our behavior.
- D. Jason’s experiment plays a significant role in fixing climate change.

34. What is Grey Childs’s attitude to human’s controlling the climate?

- A. Favorable
- B. Tolerant
- C. Doubtful.
- D. Unclear.

35. Which of the following is a suitable title for the text?

- A. But should we fix the climate?
- B. Is climate change a real problem?
- C. How can we take care of the earth?
- D. What if all the glaciers disappeared?

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 12.5 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后的选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How does it feel when you solve a problem by yourself? Things may not always go to plan, but being resourceful can help you stay calm and work your way out of tricky situations.

Being resourceful means finding smart and creative ways to solve a problem, using whatever resources you have at the time. 36 They can also be anything else that's useful, such as information, advice or your own experience. It also means trusting your instincts, the ability you're born with rather than through or training and being confident about your ability to face challenges. A resourceful person is not the one getting cross or panicking when something goes wrong. They're thinking about how to solve the problem.

37 when we learn to problem solve for ourselves rather than immediately going to others for help, it can help to build our confidence, help us feel more independent, and feel better about making decisions. Being resourceful may not help you avoid problems, but thinking creatively about how you can deal with them will make you feel less stressed and more prepared next time. 38 This can boost self-esteem, that is, how you feel about yourself.

When you're facing a challenge, try to focus on the actual problem rather than how you feel about it. Think about where and when it happened and what the causes are. Next, think up as many solutions to the problem as you can. 39 Finally, review what has and hasn't worked, so you're equipped to deal with a situation next time.

And remember, if you have a tricky problem that you're unable to solve, then ask a trusted adult for help. 40

- A. You also learn what you're good at.
- B. Here is how you can be more resourceful.
- C. These may be practical things like pens and paper.
- D. No one is expected to solve all problems by themselves.
- E. Resourcefulness is a skill that's good for you in lots of ways.
- F. They can be famous mottos that always inspire us to move on.
- G. Weigh up what's good and bad about each one and choose the best.

### 第三部分 语言运用(共两节，满分 30 分)

#### 第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 1 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I'd worked four months at a university when we had a going away party for Sandy, who was moving to London. When I got to work the next day, I was 41 to see Sandy there." Aren't you supposed to be in London?" I asked She 42 me and said, "I'm Helen."

I then found out that I have a rare disease face blindness. This 43 sent me to the doctor I didn't think much about it. 44 , I'm a successful adult --- who cares if my 45 isn't quite like everyone else's? Then, I met Dr Smith. "Your ability to learn new faces is among the worst," he said. "As for cures, nothing so far has been very 46 ." After a sad goodbye, fled in tears.

I was 47 until Dad gave me some important advice. "Everyone just wants to talk about themselves," he said. "Just ask questions." This 48 transformed my life. When walking on campus, if someone looked my way, I 49 . If they smiled, I stopped to chat. Soon I became an expert at talking to 50 .

This year, I celebrated my birthday with over 60 friends, many of whom I wasn't able to 51 . I was fine with that. 52 , I can take courses to treat my illness, but I'd rather spend that time on something I 53 , like looking at birds. I get such a 54 identifying them.

55 my face blindness, I've learnt to see the world.

- |                     |                  |                  |                    |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 41. A. excited      | B. surprised     | C. frightened    | D. pleased         |
| 42. A. stared at    | B. thought of    | C. got away from | D. reached out for |
| 43. A. disaster     | B. accident      | C. discovery     | D. expectation     |
| 44. A. However      | B. Somehow       | C. Anyway        | D. Moreover        |
| 45. A. illness      | B. growth        | C. face          | D. brain           |
| 46. A. promising    | B. popular       | C. cheap         | D. comfortable     |
| 47. A. unconcerned  | B. impatient     | C. desperate     | D. annoyed         |
| 48. A. tip          | B. question      | C. explanation   | D. warning         |
| 49. A. hesitated    | B. smiled        | C. panicked      | D. waited          |
| 50. A. students     | B. strangers     | C. colleagues    | D. patients        |
| 51. A. invite       | B. trust         | C. greet         | D. recognise       |
| 52. A. Eventually   | B. Fortunately   | C. Actually      | D. Hopefully       |
| 53. A. remember     | B. ignore        | C. miss          | D. enjoy           |
| 54. A. chance       | B. thrill        | C. shock         | D. trouble         |
| 55. A. According to | B. Regardless of | C. In fear of    | D. Thanks to       |



## 第二节 (共 10 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文，在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Lucy Black recently became the youngest person to travel to every country in the world. By the age of 23, she has visited all the countries in an effort to challenge 56 (she) and push the limits of 57 she believed was possible for a female traveler.

Lucy 58 (primary) used planes, boats, and trains to get around. It was not all plain sailing and there were many difficulties Lucy met, including 59 (arrange) visas to enter some countries. But the challenges 60 (outweigh) by the memorable experiences on her way. “There’re so many incredible experiences that can come out of traveling alone because you are more open to the connections with the 61 (local) than you would be in a big group,” she said.

Lucy had the pleasure of meeting 62 variety of people and experiencing different cultures. But the most 63 (value) experience of all was discovering a new sense of independence, she said.

For Lucy, nothing beats traveling, which she described 64 her favorite part of being alive. 65 I would be lying if I said I wasn’t enjoying taking time over the past year to recover from all the wear and tear I have done to my body over the past three years,” she added.

## 第四部分 写作(共两节满分 40 分)

### 第一节(满分 15 分)

某英文杂志开设“一周一成语”专栏，向外国读者介绍中国成语。请你用英语写一篇短文投稿，介绍成语“锲而不舍”。内容包括：

1. 解释字面意思。
2. 阐释道理。

注意：

1. 写作词数应为 80 左右
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的应位置作答。

锲而不舍(qiè ér bù shě)

## 第二节 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面材料，根据其内容和所给段落开头语续写两段，使之构成一篇完整的短文。

When my little brother Tom was four, Mom said something like “I’d give anything to have a few more hours in the day.” And Tom said, “Why don’t we buy a bigger clock?” If time worked that way, I could have used an extra-big clock last week!

Our teacher had asked us to make an art project showing how plants eat, “I can’t believe we only have two nights to finish it,” Noah said with a sigh. “I have no idea how I’ll get mine done.”

I didn’t say anything. Not because I was nervous --- I wasn’t nervous at all. I love art projects! In fact, I was so relaxed that I didn’t work on the project at all on Monday night. I planned to start the minute I got home from baseball practice on Tuesday. But there was just one thing.

I forgot baseball would run later than usual because it was the day of Baseball Buddies, which happens every month, and it’s a chance for us older students to practise baseball with the adorable younger kids. The second I got home, I threw the entire craft box (手工盒) onto the kitchen table, took out my “How Plants Eat” paper, and started to work. But just then, the telephone rang.

It was my friend Ollie, who said his grandmother Abuela had just made cookies and wanted to know if I’d come help decorate them. I love decorating cookies, and I love, love, love Abuela’s world-famous Thanksgiving cookies that only happen once a year!

That had no choice. I had to go. Ollie and I put all the star cookies with red jam filling in one group, and all the snowflakes with white cream-cheese filling in another. It was 7 o’clock when I finally got home. I planned to work on my project right after we ate. But then another interruption hit me.

注意:

1. 续写词数应为 150 左右.
2. 请按如下格式在答题卡的应位置作答。

Just as I was about to start, Dad said, “Joanna, it’s your turn to do the dishes.”

Looking at the big “F” on my paper, I started to reflect on what I had done these days.

## 2022 年广州市普通高中毕业班综合测试(一)

### 英语答案

阅读理解

21-23 BBD

24-27 AADC

28-31 CBAC

32-35 CBCA

七选五

36-40 FEAGD

完形填空

41-45 BACAD

46-50 ACABB

51-55 DCDAD

写作

略

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